Shelter Eligibility & Service Restrictions Q&A

December 19, 2017
Shelter Eligibility

General Eligibility

• 18 years of age or older
• Do not have physical custody of minor children upon entry
• Currently in Franklin County
• Currently not residing in an institution unless they resided in an emergency shelter or place not meant for human habitation immediately before entering that institution
• Currently unsheltered tonight or will be unsheltered tonight if not provided emergency shelter
• Shelter, re-housing and other critical needs are best served by a single adult emergency shelter and are not more appropriately served by another resource or system of care
• Able to care for him/herself, including all activities of daily living and medication administration
• Not a convicted sex offender subject to community notification (An exception to this criterion for the NISRE Exit Program operated shelter is available during winter overflow periods)
Shelter Eligibility, continued

- Consent to basic shelter rules and expectations, including actively working on an individualized housing stabilization plan in order to obtain permanent housing as quickly as possible and according to individual means and abilities;
- Behavior does not create safety or health risks for self or others
- If previously stayed in shelter and exited for safety, health or other involuntary exit reasons, then consent to behavior or other changes and conditions necessary to meet all emergency shelter eligibility criteria
Continued Eligibility

An individual may stop meeting basic shelter eligibility requirements for various reasons. Below are a few examples:

- A previously unavailable or new safe alternative housing option becomes available
- An individual has sufficient resources to secure other housing, including temporary housing while they work to secure more permanent housing
- An individual demonstrates a need for a higher level of care than available in emergency shelter and such care is readily available
- An individual is actively selling or distributing illegal drugs on site
- An individual persistently violates basic shelter rules, despite clearly communicated expectations and reasonable opportunities to comply
- An individual physically threatens or assaults another person
Shelter to Shelter Transfers continued

Shelter – To – Shelter Transfer

• Following shelter admission, shelter staff may identify additional needs indicating another, more appropriate emergency shelter option should be explored. Shelter staff should review such cases during program level case conference meetings and with other shelter providers when it’s determined that a shelter transfer is needed to meet an individual’s needs.

• Shelter staff may also present such cases for a system case conference in order to review and determine the most appropriate shelter option.

• All shelter-to-shelter transfers must be recorded in CSP.

• All shelter-to-shelter transfers must be coordinated with CPOA in order for CPOA to facilitate the shelter bed reservation.
Involuntary Exits

Involuntary Exit

• If a shelter resident is not longer eligible, the provider may initiate a shelter exit in accordance with a formal process established by the provider that recognizes the rights of individuals affected.
Shelters should initiate an immediate shelter exit only for the following reasons:

- The individual’s housing options and/or resources have changes sufficiently so that the individual no longer needs emergency shelter and can return to or secure safe, alternative housing, including stable temporary options while they work to secure more permanent housing.
- The welfare and needs of the individual cannot be met in the shelter and another, more appropriate residential option is available.
- The safety of other individuals or staff in the shelter is endangered.
- The health of other individuals or staff in the shelter would otherwise be endangered.
Shelter Exits, continued

Regardless of circumstances, unless an individual poses an immediate safety or health threat to others, or requires law enforcement or emergency medical care, emergency shelters should not exit individuals to unsheltered locations or other unsafe or inappropriate locations except in extreme situations and after all reasonable corrective steps have been exhausted.
Re-Entries

In all cases, an individual who exits shelter involuntarily or voluntarily and then requests shelter again must be screened for eligibility per normal CPOA procedures and he or she may be placed on a waitlist.
Questions

If you have any questions contact:
Tom Albanese
Associate Director, Community Shelter Board
talbanese@csb.org
614-715-2536

Erin Maus
System Manager, Community Shelter Board
emaus@csb.org
614-715-2541